MYLAW HIGH SCHOOL MOCK TRIAL COMPETITION RUBRIC

	Opening Statement	Attorneys (Examination)	Witnesses (Examination)	Closing Argument
	Presentation - Outstanding command	Presentation - Outstanding command of the	Presentation - Outstanding	Presentation - Outstanding command
9-10: Exceptional	of the courtroom, makes proper	courtroom, speaks and moves with	command of the courtroom,	of the courtroom, speaks confidently
	introductions, speaks articulately,	confidence, follows all rules of courtroom	maintains appropriate	and articulately, limited use of notes
	moves with confidence, follows all	decorum, demonstrates a superior	courtroom demeanor, speaks	specific to quotes from the trial.
	rules of courtroom decorum,	understanding of trial procedures.	clearly and audibly with	Moves confidently in physical space.
	demonstrates an exceptional	understanding of that procedures.	confidence.	Follows all rules of courtroom
	understanding of materials and trial	Questions - Appropriate for the type of	confidence.	decorum and trial procedures.
	1 1 1	examination; compelling, logically organized,	Witness Persona - Develops a	decorum and that procedures.
	without notes.	effectively control the flow of direct and	credible and compelling witness	Argument - Effectively and clearly
	without notes.	cross-examination. The decision to/ not to re-	persona by demonstrating	organizes facts of the case and witness
	Theme/Theory and Case Story -	direct or re-cross is correct; when performed,	exceptional knowledge of the	testimony brought out during trial;
	Presents a highly organized, cohesive	re-direct/ re-cross is responsive and relevant.	affidavits and exhibits, chooses	summarizes the case and persuasively
	and persuasive case theory and story,	Te-directly re-cross is responsive and relevant.	and maintains character	supports each component of the law to
	including key facts, and very clear	Evidence & Objections - Use of/response to	attributes that are interesting	meet the required burden of proof.
	summary of expected witness	objections and rulings shows superior resilience	and appropriate, responds to	Persuasively uses facts from the trial to
	testimony.	in adjusting questions as needed and arguing	questions in a way that is	show weaknesses in opposing
		objections by accurately citing rules of	natural (not scripted), thorough	counsel's case. Closing argument is
	Law - Provides an outstanding	evidence; properly enters and appropriately	and persuasive; is not	fully aligned with facts brought out
	explanation of the law and the	uses exhibits consistently.	unnecessarily combative/	during trial.
	burden of proof, requests a desired	,	uncooperative on cross,	
	verdict.		maintains persona on cross	
			examination.	
7-8: Strong	Presentation - Strong command of	Presentation - Strong command of the	Presentation- Solid command	Presentation - Demonstrates solid
	the courtroom, makes introductions,	courtroom, mostly speaks and moves with	of the courtroom, appropriate	command of the courtroom, speaks
	speaks articulately, moves with	confidence, follows most rules of courtroom	courtroom demeanor, speaks	with confidence, some reading of
	confidence, follows most rules of	decorum, demonstrates a solid understanding	clearly and audibly with	notes that may or may not be specific
	courtroom decorum, demonstrates a	of trial procedures.	confidence.	to events from the trial. Uses the
	solid understanding of materials and			physical space appropriately. Follows
			-	
	with limited notes.		_ =	and trial procedures.
	Theme/Theory and Case Story			Argument Organizes facts of the case
	Presents a cohesive and nersuasive		_	=
	case theory and story includes most		=	
		relevant.	_	_
		Fyidence & Objections - Use of/response to		
	Superior Williams Commonly.		_	*
	Law - Provides a clear explanation of			-
1	=	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		=
1	· ·		at times.	
	·	1		• •
7-8: Strong	trial procedures; presents the case with limited notes. Theme/Theory and Case Story - Presents a cohesive and persuasive case theory and story, includes most key facts, provides summary of expected witness testimony. Law - Provides a clear explanation of the law and the burden of proof, requests a desired verdict.	Questions - Mostly appropriate for the type of examination and logically organized; mostly controls the flow of direct and cross-examination; the decision to/not to re-direct/re-cross is correct, and mostly responsive and relevant. Evidence & Objections - Use of/response to objections and rulings showing resilience in adjusting questions and arguing objections by accurately citing some rules of evidence; properly enters and appropriate uses exhibits most of the time.	Witness Persona - Develops a mostly credible and convincing witness persona by showing a solid understanding of case materials and choosing interesting character attributes. Does not always maintain character attributes throughout performance and at times seems scripted. Is unnecessarily combative on cross-examination at times.	most rules of courtroom decorum and trial procedures. Argument - Organizes facts of the case and witness testimony brought out during trial to summarize the case an persuasively support most componer of the law to meet the required burd of proof. Uses facts from the trial to show weaknesses in opposing counsel's case. Closing argument is somewhat scripted, but includes most facts brought out during trial.

MYLAW HIGH SCHOOL MOCK TRIAL COMPETITION RUBRIC

Presentation - Some command of the courtroom, makes introductions; shows some confidence, articulation. courtroom decorum; demonstrates a general understanding of case materials and trial procedures; may read substantial portions from notes.

Theme/Theory and Case Story -Presents a case theory and story, includes some key facts, provides limited summary of expected witness testimony.

Law - Provides some explanation of the law, references burden of proof, may struggle to recover after rulings. May request desired outcome, but not specific verdict.

Presentation - Little to no command of the courtroom, hard to understand. lacks consistent courtroom decorum, struggles to understand case materials/ trial procedures, reads verbatim from notes.

Theme/Theory and Case Story - Case theory is weak or fragmented: few key facts with limited or no summary of expected witness testimony.

Law - Provides little or no explanation of the law or burden of proof; does not request outcome or desired verdict. Misses many opportunities to use/respond to objections, often struggles to recover after rulings.

Presentation - Some command of the courtroom, speaks with some confidence, does not use the physical space, follows some rules of courtroom decorum, shows some understanding of courtroom procedures.

Questions - Some are appropriate for the type of examination, some organization, some irrelevant questions; direct and crossexamination sounds rehearsed; re-direct/recross is somewhat responsive but at times irrelevant.

Evidence & Objections - Some response to objections and rulings, some adjustment of questioning, may miss opportunities to make key points in case and struggles to recover from rulings. Argues objections with little citation of the rules of evidence; enters and uses exhibits but must sometimes be prompted to do so.

courtroom decorum and trial procedures.

Questions - Inappropriate for the type of

examination sounds rehearsed, argues with

Evidence & Objections - Little response to

questioning, misses opportunities to make key

rulings. Limited argument of objections with no

citation of the rules of evidence: does not enter

points in case, and struggles to recover from

or use exhibits and/or must be instructed on

examination, disorganized questioning,

irrelevant questions; direct and cross

witnesses; re-direct/re-cross is mostly

objections and ruling, does not adjust

irrelevant.

Presentation - Maintains courtroom demeanor with some exceptions, may exhibit nervousness in speech.

Witness Persona

Develops a somewhat credible and convincing witness persona by showing some understanding of affidavits and exhibits, and choosing some discernable character attributes. May not be especially interesting or compelling, largely appears to be rehearsed and not portraying a character. Is unnecessarily combative or evasive on crossexamination.

Presentation - Demonstrates general command of the courtroom, speaks with some confidence, reads substantial portions of notes that may or may not be specific to events from the trial. Limited use of the physical space. Follows some rules of courtroom decorum, demonstrates a general understanding of courtroom procedures.

Argument - Organizes some facts of the case and witness testimony brought out during trial to summarize the case and support some components of the law to meet the required burden of proof. Uses some facts from the trial to show weakness. in opposing counsel's case. Closing argument is scripted, but includes some facts brought out during trial.

Presentation - Inconsistent in **Presentation** - No command of the courtroom demeanor; nervous, courtroom, nervous, hard to inaudible or jumbled speech; understand, lacks confidence, reads limited eye contact; does not entirely from notes and does not follow instruction by the Court. make necessary adjustments. Does not use physical space. Follows few rules of courtroom decorum, demonstrates little understanding of

trial procedures.

Argument – Lacks organization of facts, little or no use of witness testimony brought out during trial, limited or no summary of the case. Few components of the law supported or addressed with little/no reference to burden of proof. Does not address weaknesses in opposing counsel's case. Closing argument is read verbatim.

Presentation - Little command of the courtroom. nervous, fidgeting, hard to understand, does not use the physical space, weak demonstration of

> Witness Persona - Witness persona is not convincing: shows limited understanding of the affidavits and exhibits; direct examination responses sound stiff and rehearsed; fails to answer on cross, evades response, argues with hostility, or is unresponsive. Testimony is impeached on crossexamination.

procedures. A score of 1 or 2 should be reserved for students who demonstrate disrespect for the process or whose performance shows little to no preparation or effort.

Good